

# Making of Mzuzu drill 

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## 1. Copyright and disclaimer

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This manual is part 2 and is about the construction of the Mzuzu drill. For the use of the Mzuzu drill see part 1. This drilling technology is for low cost and shallow wells to be used for small scale irrigation, animal watering and / or domestic uses. If water is used for drinking, make sure that water is treated with a point of use treatment like boiling, chlorine or a good quality household water filter.

Mzuzu drilling has details which can be best learned with practical training. Therefore, it is highly recommended to use this manual in combination with practical hands-on training that can be provided by a SMART Centre in Tanzania, Malawi, Mozambique, Zambia and in the future in other countries. You can contact us at; www.smartcentregroup.com

Videos on the Mzuzu drill at;
https://youtu.be/PxySOopYwKI
https://www.smartcentrezambia.com/highlights/online-training-making-a-mzuzu-drill-set-aug-2016/

If you have observations or suggestions on this technology and or manual please contact us at info@smartcentregroup.com. We intend to update this manual every year.

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## 2. Introduction

Techniques for drilling wells can be divided into Machine drilling and Manual drilling. Machine drilled wells are called boreholes and are 30 to 100 meters deep or more and in Africa mechanical drilling rigs are imported. Manual drilled wells often are called 'Tube wells'. Manual drilling is less complex than machine drilling but takes more time and is limited to softer ground layers. Manual drilling of which the drilling tools can be produced locally include; Mzuzu drill (drills to 25 meters deep), SHIPO drill (to 50 metres deep), EMAS and Baptist drill (to 80 meters deep). These options can be produced in any African country. They can be made (after proper training) with local materials in metal shops with basic tools like a welding machine and an angle grinder. Compared to digging, the drilling of a well is less dangerous (no danger of collapsing) and can penetrate deeper into the aquifer (water bearing ground layer) so there is less risk of dry wells. Making a hygienic seal for a tube well is also easier and can be cheaper especially if the hand dug well needs a lining and is more than 10 m deep.
In aquifers with a low permeability, hand dug wells maybe more appropriate because of the large storage capacity. (Water can seep in at night and be taken out in the daytime)

The Mzuzu drill was developed by the SMART centre in Mzuzu (Malawi) and combines Augers, a Stone punch and a Tube bailer. The Tube bailer is lightweight and uses a tube (poly pipe) whereas conventional bailers are heavy and use a rope. A Mzuzu drill set cost $\$ 100$ to $\$ 300$ depending on the depth and number of drill bits. Compared to other technologies, Mzuzu drilling is simple. There is no tripod, drilling mud, sink pit or gravel pack needed so with a short training families themselves can drill a well. It can drill to 25 m deep and penetrate 2 to 6 meters into an aquifer. It can drill in sand, compacted clay and gravel and can crush stones but will not drill through very hard stone layers. This manual is part of a range of SMART Centre manuals. The complete range has manuals like:
Wells\&Drilling

- Geology and site selection
- Well digging
- SHIPO drilling
- Mzuzu drilling

Pumps:

- Rope pump model 1 Standard model
- Rope pump model 2 Economy model
- Rope pump model 3 With wood poles
- Rope pump model 4 With 1 pole of Gi pipe
- Pump care-taker training
- EMAS pump
- Solar pumps

Water storage tanks
Groundwater recharge
Irrigation
Water treatment
Workshop skills
Business skills:

- Training of drilling companies.
- Business, financial and marketing planning


## 3. Tools and materials



Photo 1. A Mzuzu drill set for 12 m deep wells. A table of parts is listed below.

Table of parts

| No | Item | Ot. | Observations |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Core auger 4 Inch to make holes for 4 inch casings | 1 | Optional: Eventually spare augers |
| 2 | Core auger 3 Inch to make holes for 2 +3 inch casings | 1 | 3 inch can also be written as 3" |
| 3 | Spiral auger 4" to make holes for 4" casing | 1 |  |
| 4 | Spiral auger 3" to make holes for 2" or 3" casings | 1 |  |
| 5 | Stone punch 2" with 2 round extension pipes | 1 | Or use drill pipes for extension |
| 6 | Stone punch 4" |  | For 4" casings |
| 7 | Drill pipes Length 3 meters | 6 | Number depends on depth |
| 8 | Handles | 2 |  |
| 9 | Fast fix pins | 6 | Number depend on depth |
| 10 | Foot step (Not in this photo) | 1 | See photo 5 \& construction manual |
| 11 | Cleaning pins. No 1 with a pin, No 2 with a plate | 2 |  |
| 12 | Fishing tool | 1 |  |
| 13 | Tube bailer 3" for a 4" casing | 1 |  |
| 14 | Tube bailer 2" for a 3" casing | 1 | For 2" casing, use bailer of 1.5" |
| 15 | 1" or 3/4" Poly pipe (connected to bailer) in metres | 15 | Or longer for deeper wells |
| 16 | Hand tools (Hacksaw, round file, knife, lighter, Vice <br> grip (for foot step) . | 1 | 1 each |
| 17 | Rubber strips in kg | 1 | Made of inner car tube |
| 18 | Clay 10 kg | 1 | Only needed in sandy soils |
| 19 | Spade, hoe | 1 |  |
| 20 | Buckets of 20 litres. (strong plastic or metal) | 3 |  |
| 21 | Drill log, Marker pens (permanent), Duct tape | 2 |  |
| 22 | PVC pipe for casing 2" or 3" or 4" plus end cap |  | Number depend on depth |
| 23 | Pump to be installed, 1 bag of cement |  |  |

## 4. Mzuzu drill set. How to make

Material list for a drill set to $\mathbf{1 6} \mathbf{m}$ deep

| Material | Unit | Quant. | Observations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Square Black pipe. 25 mm . $\times 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 6 metres | 3 to 5 | Depending on well depth |
| Square Black pipe $32 \mathrm{~mm} . \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ (event. 1.6 mm ) | 6 metres | 1 | To connect drill pipes and augers. Pipe of $25 \times 2$ should fit inside $32 \times 2$ |
| Round Black pipe $50 \mathrm{~mm} \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}$. Event 1.8 mm | 6 metres | 1 | For Stone punch |
| Round black pipe 32 mm Thickness 1.2 mm | 6 metre | 2 | Eventually. For extention pipes of the Stone punch |
| Gi pipe $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. Thickn. 1.8 mm | metres | 1 | For Spiral augers and Open bailer |
| Gi or black pipe 1' Thickn. 2.2 mm | metres | 0.5 | For Combi bailer |
| Gi or black pipe 2" Thickn. ca 2.5 mm | metres | 1 | For bailers, event. Stone punch |
| Gi or black pipe 3" Thickn. Ca2.2 mm | metres | 0.2-0.4 | For Core auger, eventually Bailer |
| Gi or black pipe 4" Thickn. ca2.5 mm | metres | 0.4 | For Core auger and Stone punch |
| Strip 40x4 mm | metres | 2 | For Core augers, Stone punch |
| Strip $25 \times 3$ | metres | 2 | For drill pipes etc. |
| Angle iron $25 \times 2.5$ | metres | 2 | For handles |
| Poly pipe, 3/4" (25mm) | metres | 15 | Or more depending depth. For bailer |
| Poly pipe, 1" (32mm) | metres | 15 m | Or more depending depth. Only in case of a Combi bailer. |
| Sockets 1" |  | 3 pcs | Only for Combi /closed bailers |
| Nipples 1" |  | 3 pcs | Only for Combi/ closed bailers |
| Round bar 8 mm | metres | 2 | For bailer valves and security pins |
| Round bar 6 mm | Metres | 2 | For bailer valves |
| Gl wire 2 mm | Kg | 1 | Optional. To secure the pins |
| Rubber strips | Kg | 1 | To fix step. Or use vice grips |
| Tungsten drill tips | Pcs | 4 | For Stone punch. Or bike crank axles |
| Bike axles (front wheel) | Pcs | 2 | For bailers |
| Used / old files. flat or half round | Pcs | 1 | For Core auger and Spiral auger |
| Tools for the field |  |  |  |
| Safety helmet | Pcs | 2 | Depending \# people |
| Hacksaw, half round file | Pcs | 1 |  |
| Pipe wrenches, 12 Inch | Pcs | 2 | Or similar |
| Buckets 20 Itrs (Metal) | Pcs | 3 |  |
| Clay. | Bags 25kg | 1-3 | Depends diam. casing and soil type. Or Polymer, 1-5 kg |
| Tools for production |  |  | Vice, Angle grinder, Welder and rods, Hand drill with drills 5, 6, 10 mm. Hacksaw, Round file |

Drill pipes, Pins, Handles, Footstep, Clean pins



Photo 5. Handle can also be made with square pipe


Photo 6. Foot step. Fix Foot step with a Vice grip (Photo) or a rubber strip



- The diameter of a Core auger depends on the diameter of the tube well. In the drawing the auger is for a 4 inch casing (diametre 110 mm ).
- Make the cutting edge hard by welding or use a flat or half round file



## Spiral Auger, Auger clean pin



## Spiral Auger



- The Spiral auger in this drawing is for 4 inch casing ( 110 mm ) so plates of 125 mm
- For a Spiral auger for a 3 inch casing ( 90 mm ) make plates 105 mm
- The plates can be made of a 2 inch GI pipe cut open and made flat.
- The hole in the plate should be 7 mm more than the diameter of the Centre pipe so for a $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ pipe ( 20 mm ) the hole should be ca 27 mm .



## Bailers

## CLOSED BAILER $2^{\prime \prime}$



Polypipe i" 5 -com or more
Weld arim to avoid the polypipe
from slipping off

OPEN BAILER 2 inch (3) Polupipe $3 / /^{\prime \prime}$ or $1_{2}^{\prime \prime}$
(4) Strip 20×2-40. To make some distance between $3 / 4$ "pipe and 2 "pipe
(5) G1 pipe $3 / 4$ - 100

| Parting. | Material | Dimension | Qt. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Polubide $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $5-10 \mathrm{~m}$ or $\uparrow$ | 1 |
| 1 | Gl Pipe $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 100 | 1 |
| 2 | Gi Pipe $2^{\prime \prime}$ | 300 | 1 |
| 3 | Polypipe $34^{\prime \prime}$ | $10-15$ max | 1 |
| 4 | Strip $20 \times 2$ | 40 | 1 |
| 5 | Gi Pipe $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 100 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

The same assembly
as the COMBI BAILER


- The diameter of the bailer depends on the casing to be used
- These drawings show a 2 inch bailer to be used for 3 inch casings
- If you start drilling, start with the Simple Open bailer




## Stone punch



## STONE PUNCH $4^{\prime \prime}$



- The pipe of the Stone punch needs to be of good quality preferable 3 mm thick
- If that is not available, weld a reinforcement plate at the side where the tip is

